

## GLO

Let them know that thou art Lord, the only God, and glorious over the whole world. *Dan. iii. 22.*

Impartial justice holds her equal scales,  
Till stronger virtue does the weight incline;  
If over thee thy glorious foe prevails,  
He now defends the cause that once was thine. *Prior.*

Let us remember we are Cato's friends,  
And act like men who claim that glorious title. *Addison's Cato.*  
GLO'RIOUSLY. *adv.* [from *glorious*.] Nobly; splendidly; illustriously.

They inspire with those celestial flames, which shine so gloriously in their works. *Dryden's Dufresnoy.*

Great wits sometimes may gloriously offend,  
And rise to faults true critics dare not mend. *Pope.*

GLO'RY. *n. f.* [*glorie*, French; *gloria*, Latin.] Among the old poets it was used sometimes as one syllable, *gl're*]

1. Praise paid in adoration. *Like ii. 14.*  
Glory to God in the highest.

2. The felicity of heaven prepared for those that please God.  
Thou shalt guide me with thy counsel, and afterwards receive me to thy glory. *Psal. lxxiii. 24.*

Then enter into glory, and resume  
His seat at God's right hand, exalted high  
Above all names in heav'n. *Milton's Paradise Lost.*

3. Honour; praise; fame; renown; celebrity.  
Think it no glory to swell in tyranny. *Sidney.*

Glory is like a circle in the water,  
Which never ceaseth to enlarge itself,  
Till by broad spreading it disperse to nought. *Shak. H. VI.*

And with that word and warning foon was dight,  
Each soldier longing for near coming glory. *Fairfax, b. i.*

Can we imagine that either the ambition of princes, or interest, or gain in private persons, or curiosity and the desire of knowledge, or the glory of discoveries, could ever move them in that endless time to try their fortunes upon the sea. *Burnet.*

4. Splendour; magnificence.  
Solomon, in all his glory, was not arrayed like one of these. *Matt. vi. 29.*

Treated so ill, chas'd from your throne,  
Returning, you adorn the town;  
And with a brave revenge do show  
Their glory went and came with you. *Waller.*

Aristotle says, that should a man under ground converse with works of art, and be afterwards brought up into the open day, and see the several glories of the heaven and earth, he would pronounce them the works of God. *Addison's Spectator.*

5. Lustre; brightness.  
Now sleeping flocks on their soft fleeces lie;  
The moon, serene in glory, mounts the sky. *Pope's Winter.*

From opening skies may streaming glories shine,  
And faints embrace thee with a love like mine. *Pope.*

6. A circle of rays which furrounds the heads of faints in picture.  
It is not a converting but a crowning grace; such an one as irradiates, and puts a circle of glory about the head of him upon whom it descends. *South's Sermons.*

A smile plays with a surprizing agreeableness in the eye, breaks out with the brightest distinction, and sits like a glory upon the countenance. *Collier of the Aspects.*

7. Pride; boastfulness; arrogance.  
By the vain glory of men they entered into the world, and therefore shall they come shortly to an end. *Wisd. xiv. 14.*

8. Generous pride.  
The success of those wars was too notable to be unknown to your ears, to which all worthy fame hath glory to come unto. *Sidney, b. ii.*

To GLO'RY. *v. n.* [*glorior*, Latin.] To boast in; to be proud of.

With like judgment glorying when he had happened to do a thing well, as when he had performed some notable mischief. *Sidney, b. ii.*

They were wou'd, in the pride of their own proceedings, to glory, that whereas Luther did but blow away the roof, and Zuingle's batter but the walls of popish superstition, the last and hardest work of all remained, which was to raze up the very ground and foundation of popery. *Hooker, b. v. f. 42.*

Let them look they glory not in mischief,  
Nor build their evils on the graves of great men;  
For then my guiltless blood must cry against them. *Shaksp. Cor. v. 6.*

Your glorying is not good.

Thou hast seen mount Atlas,  
While storms and tempests thunder on its brow,  
And oceans break their billows at its feet,  
It stands unmov'd, and glories in its height. *Addison's Cato.*

This title is what I most glory in, and what most effectually calls to my mind the happiness of that government under which I live. *Addison's Freeholders, N<sup>o</sup>. 1.*

If others may glory in their birth, why may not we, whose parents were called by God to attend on him at his altar? *Atter.*

No one is out of the reach of misfortune; no one therefore should glory in his prosperity. *Clarissa.*

To GLOSE. *v. a.* To flatter; to colloque. *Hammer. See To GLOZE.*

3

I could

1. To explain by comment.

No woman shall succeed in Salique land;  
Which Salique land the French unjustly gloze  
To be the realm of France. *Shaksp. Henry V.*

In parchment then, large as the fields, he draws  
Assurances, big as *gl'z'd* civil laws. *Pope.*

2. To palliate by specious exposition or representation.  
Is this the paradise, in description whereof so much *gl'z'ng* and deceiving eloquence hath been spent? *Hooker's Sermons.*

Do I not reason wholly on your conduct?  
You have the art to *gl'z's* the foulest cause. *Phillips's Drives.*

3. To embellish with superficial lustre.  
But thou, who lately of the common strain  
Wert one of us, if still thou dost retain  
The same ill habits, the same follies too,  
*Gl'z'd* over only with a faint like show,  
Then I resume the freedom which I gave,  
Still thou art bound to vice, and kill a slave. *Dryden's Post.*

GLO'SSARY. *n. f.* [*glossarium*, Latin; *glossaire*, French.] A dictionary of obscure or antiquated words.

According to Varro, the most learned of the Romans, when *dehonorum* was applied to a place, it signified such a one, in quo dei simulacrum dedicatum est; and also in the old *gl'ssaries*.

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GLOSS. *n. f.* [*γλῶσσα*; *gloss*, French.]

1. A scholium; a comment.

They never hear sentence, which mentioneth the word or scripture, but sort with their *glosses* upon it are the word preached, the scripture explained, or delivered unto us in sermons. *Hooker, b. v. f. 22.*

If then all souls, both good and bad, do teach,  
With gen'ral voice, that souls can never die;  
'Tis not man's flatter'ing *gl'z's*, but nature's speech,  
Which, like God's oracles, can never lie. *Davies.*

Some mutter at certain passages therein, by putting ill *glosses* upon the text, and taking with the left hand what I offer with the right. *Hooker.*

All this, without a *gl'z's* or comment,  
He could unriddle in a moment. *Hudibras, p. i. cant. 1.*

In many places he has perverted my meaning by his *gl'z's*, and interpreted my words into blasphemy and bawdry, of which they were not guilty. *Dryden's Fables, Priapus.*

They give the scandal, and the wit discern;  
Their *gl'z's* teach an age too apt to learn. *Dryden.*

Explaining the text in short *glosses*, was Accursius's method. *Baker's Revisions on Learning.*

Indentures, cov'nants, articles they draw,  
Large as the fields themselves, and larger far  
Than civil codes with all their *glosses* are. *Pope.*

2. An interpretation artfully specious; a specious representation.

Poor painters of with filly poets join,  
To fill the world with strange but vain conceit;  
One brings the stuff, the other stamps the coin,  
Which breeds nought else but *glosses* of deceit. *Sidney, b. ii.*

It is no part of my secret meaning to draw you hereby into hatred, or to set upon the face of this cause any fairer *gl'z's* than the naked truth doth afford. *Hooker, Preface.*

He seems with forged quaint conceit  
To set a *gl'z's* upon his bad intent. *Shaksp. Henry VI.*

The common *gl'z's*  
Of theologians. *Milton.*

3. Superficial lustre.  
His iron coat, all over grown with rust,  
Was underneath enveloped with gold,  
Whose glittering *gl'z's* dark'ned with filthy dust. *Fai. Queen.*

You are a sectary,  
That's the plain truth: your painted *gl'z's* discovers,  
To men that understand you, words and weakness. *Shaksp.*

Golden opinions from all sorts of people,  
Which would be worn now in their newest *gl'z's*. *Shaksp.*

The doubt will be whether it will polish so well; for steel *glosses* are more resplendent than the like plates of brass, and so is the glittering of a blade. *Bacon's Phys. Rom.*

Weeds that the wind did toss  
The virgins wore: the youths, woven coats, that cast a faint dim *gl'z's*,  
Like that of oil. *Chapman's Iliads, b. xviii.*

It was the colour of devotion, giving a lustre to reverence, and a *gl'z's* to humility. *South's Sermons.*

Groves, fields, and meadows, are at any season pleasant to look upon; but never so much as in the opening of the Spring, when they are all new and fresh, with their first *gl'z's* upon them. *Addison's Spectator, N<sup>o</sup>. 412.*

To GLOSS. *v. n.* [*glosser*, Fr. from the noun]

1. To comment.

Thou detain'st Briceis in thy hands,  
By priestly *gl'z'ng* on the gods commands. *Dryd. Fables.*

2. To make fly remarks.  
Her equals first observ'd her growing zeal,  
And laughing *gl'z'd*, that Abra cur'd to well. *Prior.*

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I could add another word to the *glossary*. *Baker.*

GLOSSA'TOR. *n. f.* [*glossateur*, French, from *gloss*.] A writer of *glosses*; a commentator.

The reason why the assertion of a single judge does not prove the existence of judicial acts, is because his office is to pronounce judgment, and not to become an evidence: but why may not the same be said of two judges? Therefore, in this respect, the *glossator's* opinion must be false. *Ayliffe.*

GLO'SSER. *n. f.* [*glossarius*, Latin.]

1. A scholiast; a commentator.

2. A polisher.

GLO'SSINESS. *n. f.* [from *glossy*.] Smooth polish; superficial lustre.

Those grains were as like little cubes as if they had been made by a skilful jeweller, and their surfaces had a smoothness and *glossiness* much surpassing whatever I had observed in marine or common salt. *Boyle.*

GLO'SSOGRAPHER. *n. f.* [*γλῶσσα* and *γράφω*.] A scholiast; a commentator.

GLO'SSOGRAPHY. *n. f.* [*γλῶσσα* and *γράφω*.] The writing of commentaries.

GLO'SSY. *adj.* [from *glossy*.] Shining; smoothly polished.

There came towards us a person of place: he had on him a gown with wide sleeves, of a kind of water-camblet, of an excellent azure colour, far more *glossy* than ours. *Bacon.*

The rest entire  
Shone with a *glossy* scurf. *Milton.*

His furcoat was a bearskin on his back;  
His hair hung long behind, and *glossy* raven black. *Dryden.*

Myself will search our planted grounds at home,  
For downy peaches and the *glossy* plum. *Dryden's Virgil.*

GLOW. *n. f.* [*glow*, Saxon, from *klassus*, Danish, to divide.] Cover of the hands.

Like an uproar in a town,  
Before them every thing went down;  
They flew about like chaff 't' th' wind;  
For halfe some left their masks behind,  
Some could not stay their *glows* to find. *Drayton.*

White *glows* were on his hands, and on his head  
A wreath of laurel. *Dryden.*

To GLOW. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To cover as with a glove.

My limbs,  
Weaken'd with grief, being now enrag'd with grief,  
Are thrice themselves: hence therefore, thou nice crutch;  
A scaly gauntlet now, with joints of steel,  
Must *glow* this hand. *Shaksp. Henry IV. p. i.*

The next he preys on is her palm,  
That alms'ner of transpiring balm;  
So soft, 'tis air but once remov'd;  
Tender as 'twere a jelly *glow'd*. *Clarendon.*

GLO'VE. *n. f.* [from *glow*.] One whose trade is to make or sell gloves.

Does he not wear a great round beard like a *glower's* paring knife? *Shaksp. Merry Wives of Windsor.*

To GLOUT. *v. n.* [A low word of which I find no etymology.] To pout; to look fullen. It is still used in Scotland.

She lurks in midst of all her den, and breaks  
From out a ghastly whirlpool all her necks,  
Where, *glouting* round her rock, to fish she falls. *Chapman.*

*Glouting* with fullen sight, the fury shook  
Her clotted locks, and blasted with each look. *Garth.*

To GLOW. *v. n.* [*glowen*, Saxon; *gloeyen*, Dutch.]

1. To be heated so as to shine without flame.

But silence silence lessenseth not my fire,  
But told it flames, and hidden it does *glow*,  
I will reveal what ye so much desire. *Fairy Queen, b. i.*

His goodly eyes,  
That o'er the files and mullets of the war  
Have *glow'd* like plated Mars, now bend, now turn  
Their office upon a tawny front. *Shaksp. Ant. and Cleop.*

Kunigund, wife to the emperor Henry II. to show her innocency, did take seven *glowing* irons, one after another, in her bare hands, and had thereby no harm. *Hakewill.*

Not all parts like, but all alike inform'd  
With radiant light, as *glowing* iron with fire. *Milt. Par. L.*

2. To burn with vehement heat.

Nor would you find it easy to compose  
The mottled fleeds, when from their nostrils flows  
The scorching fire that in their entrails *glows*. *Addison's Ovid.*

How op'ning heav'n's their happy regions show,  
And yawning gulphs with flaming vengeance *glow*. *Smith.*

Fires that *glow*,  
Shrieks of woe. *Pope.*

3. To feel heat of body.

Did not his temples *glow*  
In the same sultry winds and scorching heats? *Addison's Cato.*

The cord slides swiftly through his *glowing* hands. *Gay.*

To exhibit a strong bright colour.

With finite that *glow'd*  
Celestial rosy red, love's proper hue. *Milton.*

10 K

GLOZE.

1. To flatter; to wheedle; to insinuate; to fawn.

Man will hearken to his *glazing* lies,  
And easily transgress. *Milton's Paradise Lost, b. iii.*

So *glaz'd* the tempter, and his poem tun'd:  
Into the heart of Eve his words made way. *Milt. Par. Last.*

A false *glazing* parasite would call his foolhardiness valour, and then he may go on boldly, because blindly, and by mistaking himself for a lion, come to perish like an ass. *South.*

Now for a *glazing* speech,  
Fair protestations, specious marks of friendship. *Phillips.*

2. To comment. This should be *gl'z's*.

Which Salique land the French unjustly *glaze*  
To be the realm of France. *Shaksp. Henry V.*

10 K

## GLO

Clad in a gown that *glows* with Tyrian rays. *Dryden.*

A malicious joy,  
Whose red and fiery beams cast through your visage  
A *glowing* pleasure. *Dryden and Lee's Oedipus.*

From the mingled strength of shade and light,  
A new creation rises to my sight;  
Such heav'nly figures from his pencil flow,  
So warm with life his blended colours *glow*,  
Amidst the soft variety I'm lost. *Addison.*

Like th' ethereal *glow'd* the green expanse. *Savage.*

Fair ideas flow,  
Strike in the sketch, or in the picture *glow*. *Pope.*

Not the fair fruit that on yon branches *glows*,  
With that ripe red th' autumnal sun bestows,  
Can move the god. *Pope.*